







Female Athlete Education.





Primary amenorrhea

When a girl reaches age 15 and her period has not yet started.



Secondary amenorrhea

The absence of at least three consecutive periods in nonpregnant women who previously had regular menstruation and who are not on hormonal contraception.



Oligomenorrhea

Infrequent periods, or intervals longer than 35 days between each period (roughly four to nine periods in total over twelve months).



Anovulation

A cycle that **does not include** ovulation (i.e., unable to detect ovulation using urinary ovulation test kit or by blood hormone analysis).



Heavy periods

Abnormally heavy periods (e.g., needing to change a super pad or tampon every 2 hours, flooding, large clots, bleeding lasting more than 7 days) that interferes with a woman's quality of life.



Dysmenorrhea

Painful periods which can be primary (pain caused by the bleeding itself) or secondary (pain with another root cause, such as endometriosis etc.).



Premenstrual syndrome (PMS)

A cluster of repetitive **symptoms** (e.g., breast pain, bloating, mood changes) experienced by some women in the 1 to 2 weeks before their period.



Premenstrua dysphoric disorder

A severe form of premenstrual syndrome. Typically symptoms include depression, and other mood changes a week or two before the period.



Polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS)

A hormone disorder resulting in: · Irregular or absent periods

- Elevated androgen hormones which might result in excess facial and body hair, acne, and male-pattern hair loss.
- · Ovaries might contain cysts (polycystic).

this infographic please speak to your doctor/GP.



Tissue similar to the inner lining of the uterus grows outside the uterus, resulting in chronic pelvic pain, painful periods, painful sex, back pain, etc.



If you have any questions arising after reading